[receiving a request from a user to access a resource on the computer network;]

checking a first memory to determine if [the] **a** user [may] **has previously** access**ed** [the] **a** resource **on a computer network upon receipt of an indication from the user to access the resource**; **and**

providing the user with access to the resource if the first memory indicates that the user [may] **has previously** access**ed** the resource[;

checking with a second memory to determine if the user may access the resource if the first memory does not indicate that the user may access the resource;

providing the user with access to the resource if the second memory indicates that the user may access the resource; and

storing information in the first memory indicating that the user may access the resource if, after checking the second memory, the second memory indicates that the user may access the resource].

2. *Please cancel claim 2 without prejudice.*

6. *Please cancel claim 6 without prejudice.*

10. (Amended)   The computer-readable medium of claim [1] **29** wherein storing the information in the first memory comprises overwriting other information associated with the resource in the first memory.

15. (Amended)   A method for providing access to a computer network, the method comprising:

[receiving a request from a user to access a resource on the computer network];

checking a first memory to determine if [the] **a** user [may] **has previously** access**ed** [the] **a requested** resource; **and**

providing the user with access to the resource if the first memory indicates that the user [may] **has previously** access**ed** the resource[;

checking a second memory to determine if the user may access the resource if the first memory does not indicate that the user may access the resource;

providing the user with access to the resource if the second memory indicates that the user may access the resource; and

storing information in the first memory indicating that the user may access the resource if, after checking the second memory, the second memory indicates that the user may access the resource].

16.   *Please cancel claim 16 without prejudice.*

24. (Amended)   The method of claim [15] **30** wherein storing the information in the first memory comprises overwriting other information associated with the resource in the first memory.

Please add the following new claims

29. (New)   A computer-readable medium according to claim 1, further comprising:

checking a second memory to determine if the user may access the requested resource if the first memory does not indicate that the user has previously accessed the requested resource;

providing the user with access to the requested resource if the second memory indicates that the user may access the requested resource; and

storing information in the first memory indicating that the user may access the resource if, after checking the second memory, the second memory indicates that the user may access the requested resource.

30. (New)   A method according to claim 15, further comprising:

checking a second memory to determine if the user may access the requested resource if the first memory does not indicate that the user has previously accessed the requested resource;

providing the user with access to the requested resource if the second memory so indicates; and

storing information in the first memory indicating that the user may access the requested resource, if the second memory so indicates.

31. (New)   A method for controlling access to a resource, the method comprising:

checking a memory to determine if a requesting user has previously accessed the resource; and

providing the user with access to the requested resource if the user has previously accessed the resource.